FOR SALE,

A LARGE QUANTITY OF

Fresh burnt Lime,

of a very superior quality, for plastering, &c. at the Brick Mill near Harper's Ferry.

JOHN JAMESON.

May 3.

Virginia, Jefferson Co. to wit:

April term, 1820, being the 24th day of the month.

James Hite, Plaintiff,
against
John Peter, John T. Cookus, John R. Flagg, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John R. Flagg, & Co. Thos. S. Bennett and Joel Morgan, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Morgan, Thos. S. Bennett and Jonathan C. Buckles, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Buckles, Roger Humphreys and Jacob Wark, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Humphreys and Wark; Edward Wager and Fountain Beckham, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Edward Wager, & Co. Charles and John Strider, John Marshall and Robert Worthington, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John Marshall, & Co. John Baker, executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley, dec'd. Wm. Strider, John Strider and Thos. S. Bennett, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, trading under the name of Craighill and Little, as millers; and Wm. P. Craighill and Jonathan C. Buckles,
Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

This day came the plaintiff by his counsel, and the defendant Peter, not having entered his appearance and given security agreeably to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the said defendant Peter, is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth; on the motion of the plaintiff by his counsel, it is ordered that he appear here on the fourth Monday in June next, and answer the bill of the complainant: And it is further ordered that the defendants John T. Cookus and John R. Flagg, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, merchants and co-partners in trade, trading under the name and firm of John R. Flagg, & Co. Thos. S. Bennett and Joel Morgan, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Morgan; Thos. S. Bennett and Jonathan C. Buckles, late merchants and co-partners in trade, under the name and firm of John R. Flagg, & Co. Thos. S. Bennett and Joel Morgan, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Buckles; Roger Humphreys and Jacob Wark, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Humphreys and Wark; Edward Wager and Fountain Beckham, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Edward Wager & Co. and Charles and John Strider, John Marshall and Robert Worthington, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John Marshall & Co. John Baker, executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley, dec'd. and William Strider, John Strider and Thos. S. Bennett, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, trading under the name of Craighill and Little as millers, William P. Craighill and Jonathan C. Buckles, or either of them, do not pay, convey away or secret any monies by them owing to, or goods or effects in their hands, belonging to the absent defendant Peter, until the further order of this court. And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Farmer's Repository, printed in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court house of the said county of Jefferson.

A copy.—Teste,

R. G. HITE, C. J. C.

Virginia, Jefferson Co. to wit:

April term 1820, being the 24th day of the month.

Abram Davenport, Plaintiff,
against
John Peter, John T. Cookus, John R. Flagg, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, merchants and copartners in trade under the name and firm of John R. Flagg, & Co. Thos. S. Bennett and Joel Morgan, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Morgan; Thos. S. Bennett and Jona. C. Buckels, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Buckles; Roger Humphreys and Jacob Wark, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Humphreys and Wark; Edward Wager and Fountain Bebkham, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Edward Wager & Co. Charles and John Strider, John Marshall and Robert Worthington, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John Marshall & Co. John Baker, executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley dec'd; William Strider, John Strider and Thos. S. Bennett, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, trading under the name of Craighill and Little, as millers, and Wm. P. Craighill and Jonathan C. Buckles,
Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

This day came the plaintiff by his counsel, and the defendant Peter, not having entered his appearance and given security agreeably to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the said defendant Peter, is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth; on the motion of the plaintiff by his counsel, it is ordered that he appear here on the fourth Monday in June next and answer the bill of the complainant: And it is further ordered that the defendants, John T. Cookus and John R. Flagg, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, merchants and co-partners in trade, trading under the name and firm of John R. Flagg & Co. Thos. S. Bennett and Joel Morgan, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Morgan; Thos. S. Bennett and Jonathan C. Buckles, late merchants and co-partners in trade, under the name and firm of Bennett and Buckles; Roger Humphreys and Jacob Wark, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Humphreys and Wark; Edward Wager and Fountain Beckham, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Edward Wager & Co. and Charles and John Strider, John Marshall and Robert Worthington, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John Marshall & Co. John Baker, executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley, dec'd. and William Strider, John Strider and Thos. S. Bennett, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, trading under the name of Craighill and Little as millers, William P. Craighill and Jonathan C. Buckles, or either of them, do not pay, convey away, or secret any monies by them owing to, or goods or effects in their hands, belonging to the absent defendant Peter, until the further order of this court. And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be forthwith published in the Farmers' Repository, printed in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court house of the said county of Jefferson.

A copy.—Teste,

R. G. HITE, C. J. C.

Seasonable Goods.

JEFFERSON & BROWN,

Very respectfully inform their customers and the public generally, that they have just received their supply of

Spring and Summer Goods,

which they are selling off cheap for cash, or to their punctual customers on a short credit. Those that want good bargains are invited to call and examine for themselves.

Charlestown. May 3.

Virginia, Jefferson Co. to wit:

April term, 1820, being the 24th day of the month.

Richard Baylor, Plaintiff,
against
John Peter, John T. Cookus, John R. Flagg, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, merchants and copartners in trade under the name and firm of John R. Flagg, & Co. Thos. S. Bennett and Joel Morgan, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Morgan; Thos. S. Bennett and Jonathan C. Buckles, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Buckles; Roger Humphreys and Jacob Wark, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Humphreys and Wark; Edward Wager and Fountain Beckham, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Edward Wager, & Co. Charles and John Strider, John Marshall and R. Worthington, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John Marshall, & Co. John Baker, executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley, dec'd. William Strider, John Strider and Thos. S. Bennett, William P. Craighill and Wm. Little, trading under the name of Craighill and Little, as millers, and Wm. P. Craighill and Jonathan C. Buckles,
Defendants.

IN CHANCERY

This day came the plaintiff by his counsel, and the defendant Peter, not having entered his appearance and given security agreeably to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the said defendant Peter is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth; on the motion of the plaintiff by his counsel it is ordered that he appear here on the fourth Monday in June next and answer the bill of the complainant: And it is further ordered that the defendants, John T. Cookus and John R. Flagg Wm P Craighill and Wm. Little merchants and co-partners in trade trading under the name and firm of John R. Flagg & Co Thos S Bennett & Joel Morgan, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett & Morgan; Thos S Bennett and Jonathan C. Buckles, late merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett & Buckles; Roger Humphreys and Jacob Wark, merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Humphreys & Wark; Edward Wager and Fountain Beckham, merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Edward Wager & Co and Charles and John Strider, John Marshall and Robert Worthington, merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of John Marshall & Co John Baker executor of he last will an testament of John Kearsley, dec'd; and William Strider, John Strider and Thomas S Bennett; Wm P Craighill and Wm Little, trading under the name of Craighill & Little as millers; William P. Craighill and Jonathan C Buckles, or either of them do not pay, convey away or secret any monies by them owing to, or goods, or effects in their hands belonging to the absent defendant Peter, until the further order of this court. And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Farmer's Repository, printed in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court house of the said County of Jefferson

A Copy—Teste,

R G HITE. *Clk*

Virginia, Jefferson Co. to wit:

April term. 1820. being the 24th day of the month.

John Henkle, Plaintiff,
against
Jonah Buffington and George Renner, administrators of the estate of John Eckhard, dec'd, and George W. Humphreys,
Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

This day came the plaintiff by his counsel, and the defendants Buffington and Renner, not having entered their appearance and given security agreeably to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the said defendants Buffington and Renner, administrators of John Eckhard, dec'd, are not inhabitants of this commonwealth: On the motion of the plaintiff by his counsel, it is ordered that they appear here on the fourth Monday in June next and answer the bill of the complainant: And it is further ordered that the defendant Geo W Humphreys, do not pay, convey away, or secret any monies by him owing to, or goods or effects in his hands belonging to the absent defendants Buffington and Renner, until the further order of this court: And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be forthwith published in the Farmers' Repository, printed in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court house of the said county of Jefferson.

A Copy.—Teste,

ROBERT G. *HITE, Clk.*

SHINGLES.

THE subscribers have a few thousand JOINT SHINGLES, which they will sell at a reasonable price

JOHN MARSHALL & Co.

Charlestown, Jan. 26.

SPRING AND SUMMER

GOODS.

THE subscribers have received, and are now opening a complete assortment of

Seasonable Goods,

all of which we pledge ourselves to sell on as good terms as they can be bought in this or the adjoining counties, for *cash*, or to our punctual customers on a short credit. Persons wishing to purchase, will find it to their advantage to give us an early call.

Wm. F LOCK, & Co.

May 3.

NOTICE.

THE partnership heretofore existing under the firm of John & James Stephenson, is this day dissolved by mutual consent—all persons having claims against said firm will present them, and all persons indebted either by Bond, Note or Book account, will call and have them settled

JOHN STEPHENSON,
JAMES STEPHENSON.

May 2.

SPRING GOODS.

THE subscriber has received, at the old stand of J. & J. Stephenson, an excellent assortment of

Spring and Summer Goods,

which he will sell at very reduced prices. He invites the former customers of J. & J. Stephenson, and the public generally to call and examine his assortment.

JAMES STEPHENSON.

May 3.

Negroes for Sale.

WILL be offered for cash, before the door of Robert Fulton's Hotel, in Charlestown, on the first day of Jefferson May court, eight or nine negroes, consisting of women, boys and girls. The sale to commence at 11 o'clock. The above negroes may be had at any time at private sale.

ALEX. REILEY.

May 3

Virginia, Jefferson Co. to wit:

April term, 1820, being the 24th day of the month

James Bell, Plaintiff.
against
John Peter, John T. Cookus, John R. Flagg, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, merchants and copartners in trade under the name and firm of John R. Flagg & Co. Thos. S. Bennett and Joel Morgan, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Morgan; Thos. S. Bennett and Jonathan C. Buckles, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Buckles; Roger Humphreys and Jacob Wark, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Humphreys and Wark; Edward Wager and Fountain Beckham, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Edward Wager & Co and Charles and John Strider, John Marshall and Robert Worthington, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John Marshall & Co John Baker executor of he last will an testament of John Kearsley, dec'd; and William Strider, John Strider and Thomas S Bennett; Wm P Craighill and Wm Little, trading under the name of Craighill & Little as millers; William P. Craighill and Jonathan C Buckles, or either of them do not pay, convey away or secret any monies by them owing to, or goods, or effects in their hands belonging to the absent defendant Peter, until the further order of this court. And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be forthwith published in the Farmer's Repository, printed in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court house of the said County of Jefferson.

A Copy.—Teste,

R. G. HITE, *Clk.*

Blank Books

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

Wool Carding.

THE subscriber's Carding Machines, on the Opequon, one mile from Smithfield, having been supplied with new cards, are now in complete order for carding wool into rolls; and having employed an experienced hand to attend the machines, he can assure those who have wool to card, that their work shall be executed in the best manner.

WILLIAM CAMERON.

April 26. 6t.

NOTICE.

THE subscribers will receive wool at their factory, situated on the road leading from Shepherdstown to Winchester, about seven miles from the latter, where it will be manufactured into Linsey, Blankets, Flannel, Casinet or Cloth; and as produce bears but a low price, and consequently money scarce, they will manufacture the above articles the present year, at the following prices, which is about ten per centum lower than formerly, viz:

For Linsey,	50 cts.
Blanketing one yard wide,	50
Ditto two yards wide,	$1 00

Three quarter cloth spun from nine to eighteen cuts to the pound, from sixty cents to one dollar per yard, according to the colour and quality

For Casinet	90 cts.

THEY return their sincere thanks to their friends, and the public generally, for the encouragement they have received, and hope, by a strict attention to business, exertion to please and render satisfaction, to merit a continuance of their favor.

HOLMES & WARD.

N B. Liberal wages and constant employ will be given to one who can come well recommended for honesty, industry and sobriety, and who is in all respects qualified to take charge and superintend the fulling, dying and dressing in the above factory, and none other need apply.

HOLMES & WARD.

April 19—5w.

Virginia, Jefferson Co. to wit:

April term, 1820, being the 24th day of the month.

John Briscoe, Plaintiff,
against
John Peter, John T. Cookus, John R. Flagg, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, merchants and copartners in trade under the name and firm of John R. Flagg, & Co. Thos. S. Bennett and Joel Morgan, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Morgan; Thos. S. Bennett and Jonathan C. Buckles, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Buckles; Roger Humphreys and Jacob Wark, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Humphreys and Wark; Edward Wager and Fountain Beckham, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Edward Wager, & Co. Charles and John Strider, John Marshall and Robert Worthington, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John Marshall, & Co. John Baker, executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley, dec'd. Wm. Strider, John Strider and Thos. S. Bennett, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, trading under the name of Craighill and Little, as millers, and Wm. P. Craighill and Jonathan C. Buckles,
Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

This day came the plaintiff by his counsel, and the defendant Peter, not having entered his appearance and given security agreeably to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the said defendant Peter is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth; on the motion of the plaintiff by his counsel it is ordered that he appear here on the fourth Monday in June next and answer the bill of the complainant: And it is further ordered that the defendants, John T. Cookus, and John R. Flagg, Wm P Craighill and Wm. Little, merchants and co partners in trade, trading under the name and firm of John R. Flagg & Co. Thos S. Bennett and Joel Morgan, late merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett & Morgan; Thos S Bennett and Jonathan C. Buckles, late merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett & Buckles; R Humphreys and Jacob Wark, merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Humphreys and Wark; Edward Wager and Fountain Beckham, merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Edward Wager, & Co. and Charles and John Strider, John Marshall and Robert Worthington, merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of John Marshall and Company; John Baker, executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley, dec'd; William Strider, John Strider, and Thomas S Bennett; Wm. P Craighill and Wm Little, trading under the name of Craighill and Little as millers; Wm P Craighill and Jonathan C Buckles, or either of them, do not pay, convey away or secret any monies by them owing to, or goods or effects in their hands belonging to the absent defendant Peter, until the further order of this court. And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Farmer's Repository printed in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court house of the said county of Jefferson.

A copy.—Teste,

ROBERT G. HITE, *Clk.*

April 26.

BLANK DEEDS

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

Digitized by Harpers Ferry National Historical Park under grant from Harpers Ferry Historical Assoc.

FARMERS' REPOSITORY.

CHARLES-TOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VIRGINIA, PRINTED BY RICHARD WILLIAMS.

VOL. XIII.] WEDNESDAY, MAY 24 1820. [No. 633.

TERMS OF THIS PAPER.

THE price of the FARMERS' REPOSITORY is Two DOLLARS a year, one dollar to be paid at the commencement, and one at the expiration of the year. Distant subscribers will be required to pay the whole in advance—no paper will be discontinued, except at the option of the Editor, until arrearages are paid.

Advertisements not exceeding a square, will be inserted three weeks for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for every subsequent insertion. All advertisements sent to the office without having the number of times for which they are to be inserted, designated, will be continued until forbid, and charged accordingly.

*** All communications to the Editor on business, must be post paid.

Carding Machines.

THE Subscriber's Wool Carding Machines are again in operation, at Mr. Kabel's mill, on Bullskin, and having furnished himself with new cards, will ensure as good work as any machines in the county. They are attended by Israel Hogeland, an experienced hand. It is necessary that all wool brought to the machines, should be well cleansed of sticks and burs. One pound of lard or grease will be required to every ten of wool. The price of carding wool into rolls is eight cents per pound.

JAMES WALKER.

May 17, 1820.

BONNETS.

NEW FASHIONED

Leghorn and Straw Bonnets,

Just received and for sale by

JAS. S. LANE, & TOWNER.

Shepherd's Town, May 17

One Cent Reward.

RAN way from the Subscriber, some time in August last, an apprentice boy named

JEFFERY KELLER,

bound to learn the saddling business—He is about eighteen years old, his clothing not recollected. The above reward will be given for the return of the above named apprentice, but no thanks.

ABRAHAM ISLER.

May 17

Overseers of the Poor.

THE annual meeting of the Overseers of the Poor of Jefferson county, will be held at Mr. Robert Fulton's Tavern, in Charlestown, on Friday the 2d of June next. All the members of the Board, and all persons concerned, are requested to attend.

CHAS. GIBBS, *Clk.*

May 17.

Jefferson & Brown,

HAVE ON HAND,

Brown and Loaf Sugars,
Teas—Coffee—Rice,
Molasses—N E Rum and
Jamaica Spirits.

ALSO,

Nails of all sizes, which they offer very low for cash.

May 17.

Boot & Shoe Making.

THE Subscribers have commenced the Boot and Shoe making business, in the house adjoining Mrs. Manning's, opposite Jefferson and Brown's store. They solicit their friends and the public generally, to give them a call—They indulge a hope, that from the neatness and durability of their work, to give full satisfaction to all those who may favor them with their custom.

JOHN AVIS.
THOMAS SPRINT.

May 3.

WM. F LOCK, & Co.

Have on hand, and offer for sale, at the most reduced prices,

Cotton yarn from No. 5 to 20,
Cut and wrought Nails,
Susquehannah Shad and Herrings,
Porter—Fresh Lemons,
Sultans Raisins,
Muscate Do.
Figs—Almonds,
Cheese—Filberts, &c.

May 2.

NOTICE.

I have rented Doct. Strasph's mill, where I mean after harvest to carry on the waggon making business. The carding machine, which, it is well known, did good work last year will be attended for some weeks by George Evans, and afterwards by my brother, who has been bred to the business. The saw and grist mills will be attended by a capable man, and business will be done well and expeditiously for all who may choose to give us their employment

JOSEPH HARRIS.

Bullskin, May 10, 8120.

New Shad

Herrings and Mackerel.

A FEW barrels very *superior* Susquehannah *Shad* and *Herrings*, and Boston bay *Mackerel*—being the *first caught* in the season, they are *larger* and *fatter* than those caught afterwards

J. S LANE & TOWNER.

Shepherdstown, May 17.

Virginia, Jefferson Co. to wit:

April term, 1820, being the 24th day of the month.

William Butler, Plaintiff,
against
John Peter, John T. Cookus, Jno. R. Flagg, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm Little, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Jno R. Flagg, & Co. Thos. S. Bennett and Joel Morgan, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Morgan; Thos. S Bennett and Jona C Buckles, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Buckles; Roger Humphreys and Jacob Wark; merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Humphreys and Wark, Edward Wager and Fountain Beckham, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Edward Wager and company; Charles and John Strider; John Marshall and Robert Worthington, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John Marshall & Co. John Baker, executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley, decd. Wm. Strider, John Strider and Thos. S. Bennett; Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, trading under the name of Craighill and Little, as millers, and Wm. P. Craighill and Jonathan C. Buckles,
Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

This day came the plaintiff by his counsel, and the defendant Peter, not having entered his appearance and given security agreeably to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the said defendant Peter is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth; on the motion of the plaintiff by his counsel it is ordered that he appear here on the fourth Monday in June next and answer the bill of the complainant: And it is further ordered that the defendants, John T Cookus, and Jno R. Flagg, Wm P Craighill and Wm. Little, merchants and co partners in trade, trading under the name and firm of John R. Flagg & Co Thos S Bennett & Joel Morgan, late merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett & Morgan; Thos S Bennett and Jonathan C. Buckles, late merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett & Buckles; Roger Humphreys and Jacob Wark, merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Humphreys and Wark; Edward Wager and Fountain Beckham, merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Edward Wager & Co. Charles and John Strider, John Marshall and Robert Worthington, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John Marshall & Co. John Baker, executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley, dec'd. Wm. Strider, John Strider and Thos. S. Bennett, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, trading under the name of Craighill and Little, as millers, and Wm. P. Craighill and Jonathan C. Buckles,
Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

This day came the plaintiff by his counsel, and the defendant Peter, not having entered his appearance and given security agreeably to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the said defendant Peter is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth; on the motion of the plaintiff by his counsel it is ordered that he appear here on the fourth Monday in June next and answer the bill of the complainant: And it is further ordered that the defendants, John T Cookus, and Jno R. Flagg, Wm P Craighill and Wm. Little, merchants and co partners in trade, trading under the name and firm of John R. Flagg & Co Thos. S. Bennett & Joel Morgan, late merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett & Morgan; Thos S Bennett and Jonathan C. Buckles, late merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett & Buckles; R Humphreys and Jacob Wark, merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Humphreys and Wark; Edward Wager and Fountain Beckham, merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Edward Wager, & Co. and Charles and John Strider, John Marshall and Robert Worthington, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John Marshall and Company; John Baker, executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley, dec'd; William Strider, John Strider, and Thomas S Bennett; Wm. P Craighill and Wm Little, trading under the name of Craighill and Little as millers; Wm P Craighill and Jonathan C Buckles, or either of them, do not pay, convey away or secret any monies by them owing to, or goods or effects in their hands belonging to the absent defendant Peter, until the further order of this court. And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Farmer's Repository printed in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court house of the said county of Jefferson.

A copy.—Teste,

R. G. HITE, *Clk.*

SPRING GOODS.

THE Subscribers hereby announce to their friends, customers, and the public generally, that they have commenced opening their assortment of

New Spring Goods,

and shall be continually receiving and opening *new goods*, until their assortment is made very complete—The goods imported this spring are of a *new style, good quality*, and come *CHEAP, for CASH*

JAS. S. LANE, & TOWNER.

P S. All those yet in arrears, are earnestly requested to pay up.

Shepherd's Town, April 19, 1820.

CAUTION.

THE subscriber is determined to prosecute all persons who hereafter may be found fishing upon his premises, otherwise than with hooks and lines

ADAM S. DANDRIDGE.

May 17.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber wishes to sell two excellent work Horses, a light wagon and gears—Ploughs and other farming tools, all nearly new and in good order; and some useful articles of household and kitchen furniture. Also, about 40 acres of flourishing wheat, and a few of rye and corn.

To a person who will buy the whole, a bargain will be sold, and the payments made easy.

The place occupied by me may also be had until the first of April next, and after that time, an additional quantity of land, if desired.

S B. FOSTER.

Near Keyes' Ferry, May 17.

Virginia, Jefferson Co. to wit:

April term, 1820, being the 24th day of the month.

John Briscoe, Plaintiff,
against
John Peter, John T. Cookus, John R. Flagg, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, merchants and copartners in trade under the name and firm of John R. Flagg, & Co. Thos. S. Bennett and Joel Morgan, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Morgan; Thos. S. Bennett and Jonathan C. Buckles, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Buckles; Roger Humphreys and Jacob Wark, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Humphreys and Wark; Edward Wager and Fountain Beckham, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Edward Wager & Co. Charles and John Strider, John Marshall and Robert Worthington, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John Marshall & Co. John Baker, executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley, dec'd. Wm. Strider, John Strider and Thos. S. Bennett, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, trading under the name of Craighill and Little, as millers, and Wm. P. Craighill and Jonathan C. Buckles,
Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

This day came the plaintiff by his counsel and the defendant Peter, not having entered his appearance and given security agreeably to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the said defendant Peter, is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth; on the motion of the plaintiff by his counsel it is ordered that he appear here on the fourth Monday in June next and answer the bill of the complainant: And it is further ordered that the defendants, John T Cookus, and Jno R. Flagg, Wm P Craighill and Wm. Little, merchants and co partners in trade, trading under the name and firm of John R. Flagg & Co Thos. S. Bennett & Joel Morgan, late merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett & Morgan; Thos S Bennett and Jonathan C. Buckles, late merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett & Buckles; Roger Humphreys and Jacob Wark, merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Humphreys and Wark; Edward Wager and Fountain Beckham, merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Edward Wager & Co. Charles and John Strider, John Marshall and Robert Worthington, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John Marshall & Co. John Baker, executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley, dec'd. Wm. Strider, John Strider and Thos. S. Bennett, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, trading under the name of Craighill and Little, as millers, and Wm. P. Craighill and Jonathan C. Buckles,
Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

This day came the plaintiff by his counsel and the defendant Peter, not having entered his appearance and given security agreeably to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the said defendant Peter, is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth; on the motion of the plaintiff by his counsel it is ordered that he appear here on the fourth Monday in June next and answer the bill of the complainant: And it is further ordered that the defendants, John T Cookus, and Jno R. Flagg, Wm P Craighill and Wm. Little, merchants and co partners in trade, trading under the name and firm of John R. Flagg & Co Thos. S. Bennett & Joel Morgan, late merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett & Morgan; Thos S Bennett and Jonathan C. Buckles, late merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett & Buckles; Roger Humphreys and Jacob Wark, merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Humphreys and Wark; Edward Wager and Fountain Beckham, merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Edward Wager & Co. Charles and John Strider, John Marshall and Robert Worthington, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John Marshall & Co. John Baker, executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley, dec'd. Wm. Strider, John Strider and Thos. S. Bennett, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, trading under the name of Craighill and Little, as millers, and Wm. P. Craighill and Jonathan C. Buckles,
Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

This day came the plaintiff by his counsel and the defendant Peter, not having entered his appearance and given security agreeably to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the said defendant Peter

paymaster of the 3d regiment of New York volunteers.

62. For the relief of Joseph M. Skinner, administrator of George Skinner, deceased.

63. Concerning the banks of the District of Columbia.

64. For the relief of John McGrew, Richard Cravat, Hardy Perry, and Beley Chaney.

65. For the relief of John B. Regnier.

66. For the relief of John Law and Jonathan Elliot.

67. Making appropriations for the support of the navy of the United States for the year 1820.

68. Authorising the transmission of certain documents free of postage.

69. For the relief of Matthew Barrow.

70. For the relief of John A. Dix.

71. To continue in force the act of 20th April, 1818, supplementary to the act to regulate the collection of duties on imports and tonnage, passed 2d March, 1799.

72. To establish a circuit court in the District of Maine.

73. To provide for obtaining accerate statements of the foreign commerce of the United States.

74. For the relief of certain persons who have paid duties on certain goods imported into Castine.

74. For the relief of the representatives of Nicholas Vreeland, deceased.

76. To authorise the payment for certain muskets impressed into the service of the United States.

77. To continue in force an act to provide for reports of decisions of the supreme court, approved 3d March, 1817.

78. Making further provision for the sale of the public lands.

79. To establish a district court in the state of Alabama.

80. To alter the times of holding the court of the United States for the western district of Pennsylvania.

81. For the better organization of the Treasury Department.

82. Confirming Anthony Cavalier and Peter Petit in their claim to land.

83. For the relief of Anthony S. Delisle, Edward B. Dudley, and John M. Van Cleef.

84. Supplementary to the several acts for the adjustment of land claims in the state of Louisiana.

85. For the relief of Jennings O'Bannon.

86. To remit the duties on a statue of Geo. Washington.

87. For the relief of John Harding, Giles Harding, John Shute, and John Nichols.

88. For the relief of the representatives of John O'Connor.

89. To incorporate the inhabitants of the City of Washington.

90. Further to suspend, for a limited time, the sale or forfeiture of land, for failure in completing the payment thereon.

91. To authorise the Secretary of State to issue letters patent to Richard Wilcox.

92. Further to extend the Charter of the city of Washington.

93. For the relief of Walter Channing.

94. In addition to the act regulating the post office establishment.

95. For the relief of John H. Piatt.

96. To increase the allowance to the judges of the orphans' court, in the counties of Washington and Alexandria.

97. For the relief of Mary Cassin, administratrix of Patrick.

98. For the relief of certain sufferers by fire at Savannah, in Georgia.

99. For the relief of Robert Swartwout.

100. For apportioning the representatives in the 17th Congress, in the states of Massachusetts and Maine.

101. To authorise the building of a number of small vessels of war.

102. Confirming the proceedings of the inhabitants of the village of Cahokia, in the state of Illinois, in laying out a town on the commons of said village.

103. To continue in force "An act to protect the commerce of the United States, and to punish the crime of piracy," and also to make further provision for punishing the crime of piracy.

104. To establish additional land offices in the state of Alabama and Illinois.

105 Relative to the Arkansas territory.

106 To provide for the expense of surveying parts of the coast of North Carolina.

107 Further to regulate the Medical Department of the army.

108 To revive the powers of the Commissioners to decide on claims to land in the District of Detroit, &c. in the territory of Michigan.

109. To provide relief for sick and disabled seamen.

110. Granting to the state of Ohio, the right of pre-emption to certain quarter sections of land.

111. For the relief of Thomas Hunter.

112. For the relief of the representatives of Tench Francis.

113. Authorising the settlement of the accounts between the United States and Richard O'Brien.

114. For the relief of Thomas Leiper.

115. Concerning navigation.

116. For the relief of Richard Smyth.

117. To provide for building an addition to the custom house in New Orleans for the accommodation of the district court.

118. For the relief of James L. Cathcart.

119. For the relief of the inhabitants of the village of Peoria, in the state of Illinois.

120. To limit the term of office of certain officers therein named, and for other purposes.

121. To erect a light house on one of the Isles of Shoals, and for other purposes.

122. To authorise the appointment of commissioners to lay out the road therein mentioned.

123. For the relief of persons holding confirmed unlocated claims for lands in the state of Illinois.

124. To amend the act making reservation of certain public lands for naval purposes.

125. For repairing the roof of the General Post Office, and to procure an engine for that building.

126. Authorising the Secretary of State to grant a patent to Henry Burden.

127. For the relief of Richard S. Hackley.

128. To increase the number of clerks in the War Department

129. To amend the act authorising the employment of an additional naval force.

130. Designating the ports which only foreign armed vessels shall be permitted to enter.

131. For the relief Joshua Newton, Peter Crooks, and James Rabb.

132. For the relief of Ambrose Vasse.

133. Authorising the governor of Illinois to obtain certain abstracts of land.

434. To impose a new tonnage duty on French ships and vessels.

135. In addition to the act making appropriations for the support of government for the year 1820.

136. To revive and continue in force the act to provide for persons disabled by known wounds received in the revolution.

Resolutions, joint, for the further distribution of the Journal of the Convention which formed the Constitution of the United States.

To authorise the publication of part of the Secret Journal of the Congress, under the articles of confederation.

Giving the consent of Congress to the compact between Kentucky and Tennessee, for the settlement of their boundaries.

For the distribution of certain copies of the Journal of the Convention, which formed the Constitution.

Declaring the admission of Alabama into the Union.

FOREIGN NEWS.

BOSTON, May 11.

We have received from our attentive correspondent at Havre, by the brig Columbia, Capt. Loring, Paris papers to April 1. The projet of a law relative to the journals and periodical publications, passed the Chamber of Deputies March 30, by a vote of 136 to 109, and was presented to the King. The law relative to personal liberty had passed both Chambers, and was officially published. It differs in some respects from the projet, published in this paper some weeks since. It authorizes the arrest of persons charged with treason on a warrant signed by three of the ministers, and the confinement of the accused three months before they are brought to trial. The French papers speak with great freedom of the measures of strengthening the arm of government. Madrid dates are to March 21, the same as already received here direct from Spain. The following paragraph is from the *Constitutional.*

Daily Adv.

PARIS, March 29.

There is a report in circulation that a disposition to revolt has been manifested among the troops in Prussia. Notwithstanding the extreme watchfulness of the government, the Spanish news is known to every one. Prussia has not forgotten that a constitution was promised her as a reward for her efforts in favor of national independence. This constitution, announced in danger, refused after victory, is the object of all wishes. We are assured that some superior officers, sincere friends of the king, have recalled the promises made to the people, and have insisted on the necessity of fulfilling them. These officers it is added have been broken, and the troops have loudly called for them to be reinstated. We are ignorant of the consequences of this affair.

The King who had been seriously indisposed, had recovered his health and transacted business with his ministers.

PARIS, March 27.

A second edition of a Revolution in Spanish America has been published.

The Danish Press cannot treat of politics nor give news without special permission. In Belgium many editors have been arrested. It appears, that from the Baltic to the Pyrenees, there is a "holy alliance" against the Press.

PARIS, March 30.

A journal announces as a report, but as one from a source worthy of confidence, that an explosion similar to that in Spain, threatens the Kingdom of Italy. The movement commenced at Bologne, which was communicated to Milan. An unanimous wish for the independence of the country was manifested; and they demand for King the Archduke Reginier, and a Constitutional Government.

It is said Mina has intercepted a correspondence from Madrid, of the highest importance; and that he will not communicate it, but to the Cortes.

An ultra journal announces this day, with a triumphant air, that Alava, Guipuscoa and Biscay, are nearly in insurrection, to re-establish the throne and arbitrary power.

It is confirmed that agitation prevails at Portugal. The British pride, before which every one abased himself, excites at this day a daring indignation. The English are often publicly braved, and advised to relieve the country from their presence. We are assured, distinguished persons have already been designated by an independent party, to propose to the Cortes at Madrid, a Federation between the two people of ancient Iberia.

PARIS, March 31.

Persons of all classes eagerly subscribe for the relief of the victims of arbitrary power. Among the signers are Lafitte, Lafayette, Benjamin Constant, and many other Deputies.

MADRID, (Spain,) March 21.

Yesterday we had a double fete at the Court to celebrate, at the same time, the birth day of the Queen, and the anniversary of the publication of the Constitution. The Grandees, Deputies of the Kingdom, Foreign Ambassadors, the court of Justice, the Prelates, the Generals and Naval and Military Officers, have had the honor to compliment their Majesties. The concourse of personages of distinction was prodigious. The usual salutes of artillery announced the solemnities of the day, and in the evening there was a general illumination.

The Junta have required the dismissal of all who were of the 70, who petitioned for the overthrow of the Cortes.

We are assured the Duke del Parque will not accept the office of Ambassador to Paris. His infirmities oppose it. This is a loss, as he would have represented worthily his King and Nation. It appears that for the moment there will be only a Charge d'Affairs at Paris.

All the Political Chiefs (Prefects) nominated by the Cortes, are restored to their offices.

The Secretariat of the Cortes is also re-established. Its offices, seals, papers, and the original of the Constitution, have been restored to it. All the clerks are recalled to their posts.

We know not yet the true causes of the disastrous events of which Cadiz has been the theatre. It appears only certain that the Ex Governor Valdes, and Gen. Campana, have been the victims; but the people suffered much before they gained the victory. What augments the regrets of all honest men is that these misfortunes might easily have been avoided.

Madrid is inundated with pamphlets, gazettes, and handbills, which are showered on the people from every quarter.

VIENNA, March 16.

The marriage of his Imperial Highness, Archduke Regnier, Vice Roy of the Kingdom of Venetian Lombardy, with the Princess of Carignan, daughter of the presumptive heir to the Throne of Sardina, has been determined on.

FROM GIBRALTAR.

We have been favored by Mr. Topliff with Gibraltar Papers of March 25.

They contain several documents respecting the lately disturbed state of the Ionian Islands and many particulars of the changes in Spain

Wine, Brandy, Vinegar and Liquors of all kinds—green and dry Fruits—Bass, Hemp, Glasswort, and Barilla, being the growth or manufacture of Spain, are allowed to be exported from that country duty free.

THE PLAGUE—The deaths at Magadore had increased from 15 to 20 per day. In Morocco City, the daily deaths had been as high as 900; but, by the last accounts, were reduced to from 200 to 300. The plague is also raging violently in the Haha Shenda, and is reported to have appeared at Santa Cruz.

LATEST FROM FRANCE.

The *Maria Theresa* has arrived at New York in 32 days from Bordeaux. The *commercial Advertiser* contains the following extracts from Bordeaux papers up to the 4th of April, in addition to the articles brought by the *Columbia* at *Boston.*

By the arrival of the ship Maria Theresa, Captain Smith, in 32 days from Bordeaux, we have received French papers to the 5th April. A Bordeaux paper of the 4th April, in speaking of the affairs of Spain, says—"The Spanish nation proceeds in the work of reformation, with a calmness which becomes a people determined to be free.

"Letters from Cadiz confirm the previous accounts of the tranquility of that city. The garrison have sworn to obey the Constitution accepted by Ferdinand.

"The government is occupied in forming a corps of 20,000 men, to support the new constitution of the nation, and to act against those who may disturb the public peace. The prefects, sub-prefects, and municipies are organized, and co-operate with the government in the maintainment of tranquility."

[We hardly know what to make of that part of the following letter which alludes to Spain. There is nothing to corroborate it, in any of the papers.]—*Com. Adv.*

A letter from Bordeaux of the 4th ultimo states, that "troops are on their march to Bayonne; probably a storm is gathering, which may burst on Spain. The Holy Alliance will perhaps assist Ferdinand. If they do, farewell to the tranquility of Europe for a long season."

A postscript to the above says, "Italy is in a state nearly like that of Spain, previous to the establishment of the Cortes."

"The two late laws passed for the restriction of the press, and against personal liberty, are extremely unpopular."

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

NEW-YORK, MAY 15.

The fast sailing ship Hector, capt. Gillender, arrived last evening, in 32 days from Liverpool. Capt. *G.* has favored the editors of the Mercantile Advertiser with Liverpool papers to the 12th, and London to the 10th of April, inclusive; also, Lloyd's Lists to the 8th.

Some further disturbances had taken place at Glasgow, Paisley, Greenock, &c. At no time, since the beginning of *Radicalism*, had there been such a *general apprehension* from that quarter. Serious alarms existed at Manchester, and troops were ordered there to prevent an expected riot.

At Glasgow, Paisley, and all the neighboring country for 12 miles round, placards were placed on the walls, addressed to the people of England, Ireland, and Scotland, calling upon them to come forward immediately, and effect by force a revolution in the government, and enjoining the manufacturers to abstain from work from the 1st of April. All the weavers and other workmen in Glasgow, Paisley, and the neighboring country, immediately struck work, and the streets were covered with crowds of the idle and discontented. The magistrates of Glasgow had offered a reward of 500*l.* and the government a further reward of 500*l.* for the authors or printers of these inflamatory papers. The troops were in motion, and some skirmishing had taken place. Several had been killed, and others wounded. At the last accounts, the weavers in Glasgow and Paisley had generally returned to their looms, as the want of leaders deprived them of all confidence, and the power of the military pointed out to them the hopelessness of their cause.

On the 8th, a crowd assembled at Greenock, to witness the arrival of five prisoners who were brought in from Paisley, at five in the afternoon, by the Port Glasgow volunteers. When the volunteers were returning, they began to insult and pelt them with stones and mud.

The volunteers fired two shot, which only exasperated them the more. The party were then obliged to fire in earnest, and continued a running fire till they got out of Cartsdike. Nine of the wounded were taken to the hospital, of whom four had died, and the rest dangerous; five more were killed in the town. *Twenty in all were killed and wounded.* They tore down the iron railing of a house, and, *with the arms thus procured, preceded by a paper*, in the evening set off *to attack Port Glasgow*—but, after proceeding to the house of Mr. Gemmell, the mob returned. They broke open the doors of the Bridewell, and set at liberty the radical prisoners, but none others. Next morning all was quiet—though lurking parties were seen about the outskirts.

Accounts from Madrid were to the 28th of March. A royal ordinance of the 22d fixes the convocation of the Cortes for the 9th of July; they will consist of 149 members for the peninsula, and 30 deputies for Americans residing in Spain. A private letter states—"Terror is general. *The revolution or death* is the order of the day. We are not without fears for the lives of the most august personages."

None of the foreign Ministers at Madrid had congratulated the King on his acceptance of the constitution, who wait for instruction from their courts—the American minister alone accepted, who did not wait for orders.—*Gaz. de France.*

Paris, April 6.—The editors of the *Miniere* have been condemned by the tribunal to pay a fine of 13,000 francs, for not having submitted to the stamp law. No appeal can be made.

Translated for the Commercial Advertiser.

BORDEAUX, april 4.

NEWS FROM SPAIN.

Cadiz, March 21.—Every thing advances towards order and tranquility. On the 13th, the officers of the fleet and crews took the oaths in favor of the constitution; this example was followed on the 19th by the troops and the remainder of the public authorities; and the 24th inst. has been appointed for the people to take likewise their oath, with the greatest solemnity, on the square St. Antonia.

Since the departure of the two battalions of the guards, the regiment of Guadalaxara and another have replaced them; they are both animated with the liveliest enthusiasm in favor of the constitution. These two bodies have given manifest proofs of their adhesion to the new system of government. The troops continue marching towards the interior, they have appointed Seville as their head quarters.

Since the 18th, the fleet, the different forts and batteries, the intrenchment, and the Isle of Leon, resound with continual discharges of cannon.

De la Carunna, March 22.—The organization of this province is rapidly increasing; all the troops of the line that we could dispose of are marching to the frontiers of Castile, and the Junta, jointly with those of the Asturies, are engaged forming an army from 18 to 20,000 men.

They have appointed Mr. Moscorn, prefect; Orense and Lugo, have for sub-prefects, Messrs. Pestano and Bondo.

Many other appointments of a similar kind have taken place in different cities of this province.

Madrid, March 30.—Order is perfectly restored—nothing is wanting but the re-union of the Cortes to complete the happiness of the people.—The government are taking measures to that effect.

Accounts from Cadiz say, they have just appointed General Valdes Governor of Cadiz, and General O'Donoge Captain General of Andalusia: the former had occupied that office under the former government of the Cortes, and the second was at that time Minister of War.

Bayonne, March 25.—We learn by news direct from Madrid, the sincere and constitutional conduct of Ferdinand, as well as the formation of the Council of State, such as it existed in the time of the Cortes.

Cadiz is the only city in Spain that suffers yet under the yoke of despotism; the troops which compose the garrison, exercise on the poor unfortunate inhabitants all the military sigor.

The authority of general Freyre has been disavowed by some soldiers, who compelled him to return to the head quarters at Port Santa Maria. They were then ignorant of the events which *had* occurred at Madrid; but they immediately gave orders in consequence, and they have just appointed new chiefs, who they specially charged *to look* after and punish severely, the instigators of those troubles. The greatest tranquility reigns all over the rest of Spain; the people every where enjoy the highest satisfaction.

At Pampeluna, they have organized an assembly; M. Quintana, who has for a long time been immured in a dungeon, has been appointed political chief, and Mina is going to be proclaimed captain general of Navarre.

General Pol, Count of St. Moman, who, in Galicia, had put himself at the head of a handful of militiamen, has been expelled from that province, after the complete dispersion of all those who followed him. But they have lost Colonel Acevedo, the chief of the National Troops. This loss is severly felt, so much the more since it is the only one which we have to record during the revolution of *Galicia.*

Madrid, March 20.—You will see in to-day's paper, the nomination of the new ministers, ambassadors, and members of the council of state. Every thing goes on to the complete satisfaction of the nation; the Cortes are to be convoked in the month of April.

NORFOLK, MAY 15.

News from the Congress Frigate.

A friend has favored us with the following extracts of a letter received by him from an officer on board the U. S. frigate Congress, dated

"*Lintin Island, 50 miles S of Canton, 4th January*, 1820.

"Please inform ———, that these villainous Chinese have treated us with every possible indignity and inhospitality. In the first instance they refused us every species of supply, and necessity compelled us to procure them, from those who were hardy enough to bring them along side at night, in defiance of the interdiction.

"We were forbidden to visit Canton, or to pass the Bocca Tigris. We have been compelled to take passage in a Chinese boat, and leave the ship at such time as would enable us to pass the batteries and gun boats under cover of night, or take advantage of vessels bound to Canton. Our own boats were not allowed to enter the mouth of the river, as they would be fired on the moment they came within gun shot; and although ten minutes active application of our broadsides would leave scarcely a stone standing of their whiteyash walls, we are compelled to put up with the indignity of their contemptible threats, and doubt not the poor devils really think they have effectually alarmed us!!

"Our case is not, however, singular, as regards the restrictions and indignities they impose on us, for they treat all foreign vessels of war in the same manner. There has been one or more instances of English men of war forcing their way into the river, and hammering the rascals soundly, and it would afford us a great deal of satisfaction to show them similar marks of respect; but the pacific motive of our visit will not allow us that pleasure.

"Our supplies are at this time furnished from Macao, by permission of the Mandarines, which they consider a peculiar indulgence.

"We get under way to morrow for Macao, and in a few days for Manilla, which I am told is a most delightful place—After this shabby country, any rendezvous will be agreeable."

LOUISVILLE, Ky. April 26.

Capt. Voorhies reports the following particulars of an Indian massacre which took place on the river, at Little Prairie, below New Madrid:

"*Little Prairie, April* 9.

"Three Seminole Indians (2 men and 1 boy) murdered a Capt. Davis, of Nashville, Tennessee, who was lying to on a sand bar, with a flat boat. Capt. Davis was scalped and thrown into the river; his body was found, and buried on Mr. Walker's plantation. Capt. Davis had one white man and two blacks on board of his boat; the white man was tomahawked in the most dangerous manner, but escaped from the savages, and concealed himself among some willows. The black men were out hunting when the murder was committed; on their return to the boat, they were seized by the Indians, who seeing fire arms in their possession, retreated, having first shewn them the scalp of Capt. Davis, their master. The people on board a flat boat, a short distance below, state they saw the murder committed. An express was immediately sent to New Madrid, where a party of men were raised, and went in pursuit of the savages: they found a party of nine, but could only take three of them, among whom is their chief, who declares the innocence of those taken, but says the murderers shall be brought in and given up."

WASHINGTON, PA. May 8.

Our readers will see by the following letter, that Messrs. Leatherman and Ritchie, of Canonsburgh, after penetrating the earth 250 feet in search of salt water, have found water supposed to be sufficient to yield 16 bushels of salt per day. In addition to this, Messrs. M'Cook and Company have also been boring for salt water, in the neighborhood of Canonsburg, in two different places; and have found good water in both, but intend boring deeper. One of their wells is 317 feet deep. From what we can learn salt is expected to be manufactured at these works during the summer in abundance. Who knows but they may be as fortunate as the Zanesville folks; at all events, we wish them great success in their undertaking.

Extract of a letter, dated

Canonsburgh, 2d May, 1820.

Mr. Workman: Permit me to inform you that Dr. Leatherman and J. Ritchie & Co. having bored for salt, one mile west of Canonsburgh, near the stage road; after boring 250 feet in the rock, obtained, as we think, very good salt water. On sinking a cistern 10 feet, and inserting a tube, the water rose 6 feet, and, should it continue to flow, as at present, it is supposed there would be sufficient water to yield 16 bushels of salt per day.

NEW YORK, MAY 12.

Colonization.—Nothing direct has yet been heard from the United States ship Cyane, and her convoy, (the ship Elizabeth,) since they sailed. Both ships got under way together from this part on the 7th of February last, and proceeded as far as Sandy Hook. The Elizabeth succeeded in getting to sea, but the Cyane was less fortunate and returned to the quarantine ground, where she was detained by adverse winds two or three days, and then stood out to sea, in hopes to come up with her convoy, which it was thought would stand off and on, in waiting. But as the weather about that time was uncommonly severe, it is altogether probable the Elizabeth proceeded on toward her port of destination, unaccompanied by the Cyane. We are strengthened in this opinion by the report received via St Thomas of the Cyane having been off Sierra Leone without her convoy. And this has given rise to numerous surmises that the Elizabeth has been captured by some slave ship or privateer, and the colored people on board (between two and three hundred,) who were sent out by the Colonization Society to make a settlement in Africa, all taken out and carred into some of the slave holding Islands and there sold for slaves. But when it is seen that all these evil bodings and conjectures rest on no better foundation than the above it is hoped the friends of the society as well as those whose relations embarked in the ship, will not suffer their feelings to be harrowed up by such surmises, and which may have been set on foot for no good purpose.—*N. Y. Post.*

THE REPOSITORY.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 24.

The First Session of the Sixteenth Congress was terminated about 4 o'clock on Monday afternoon, the 15th inst. by the adjournment of the two houses *sine die*

The session closed in perfect harmony. The President attended at the Capitol to receive and sign the bills; and the heads of Departments were also there during great part of the day. No session of Congress, that has passed under our observation, has been marked by more deliberation and coolness in its closing scene. *Nat. Intl.*

Col. King—It apppears from a copy of the charges against, and trial of Col. King of the United States army, published in the Mobile Gazette, "that he has been convicted not only of acts of cruelty, but others of meanness, fraud and peculation." One specification against Col. K was for having paid $500 of the public money to settle a private account of his own, with a company of suttlers—Another specification was, for paying the said suttlers 1000 dollars of the public money, in specie, for Georgia paper, which he had borrowed of them for speculations in Pensacola property. A third was, for transporting from Baltimore to Point Petre, and thence to Mobile, for his own use, a company of slaves, a large quantity of provisions, and four wagon loads of household furniture, in a vessel engaged for transportation of troops, and for which private purpose, he paid of the public monies, the sum of 1175 dollars. Col. K was adjudged guilty of each of these specifications.

The line of battle ship Massachusetts, (by which name we hear she is to be called,) now building at the Navy Yard, Charlestown, is the theme of admiration among all connoisseurs in ship building, for the beauty of her model, her strength of materials, and the solidity of workmanship. She is larger than the Independence, Washington, or Franklin, and is about the tonnage of the Columbus, recently built at the Navy yard in Washington. The Massachusetts is the second ship of the line built under the superintendance of Commodore Hull.

Old *Ironsides*, or the frigate Constitution, is undergoing a thorough repair, at the Navy Yard, preparatory to her being sent to sea. Upon examination she fully justifies the *cognomen* which she bears. Her lower timbers are as hard as iron, and her upper works, with the exception of the ends of her beams, prove to be much better than had been anticipated.—*Boston Intell.*

MR. ELLERY.

The venerable Mr. Ellery, the subject of the extract which we give below, was one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence, and upwards of ninety years old when he died. His recent death has been already briefly noticed. The writer of the letter is a gentleman of Rhode Island, of much distinction, who was intimately acquainted with the deceased:

Extract of a letter dated Newport, R. I March, 14, 1820.

"Old Mr. Ellery died like a philosopher. In truth, death, in its common form, never came near him. His strength wasted gradually for the last year, until he had not enough left to draw in his breath, and so he ceased to breathe. The day on which he died, he got up as usual, and dressed himself, took his old flag bottomed chair, without arms, in which he had sat for more than half a century, and was reading Tully's Offices, in the Latin, without glasses, though the print was as small as that of the smallest pocket Bible. Dr. W. stopped in on his way to the hospital, as he usually did, and on perceiving the old gentleman could scarcely raise his eyelids to look at him, took his hand, and found that his pulse was gone. After drinking a little wine and water, Dr. W. told him his pulse beat stronger. "O yes, doctor, I have a charming pulse. But," he continued, "it is idle to talk to me in this way. I am going off the stage of life; and it is a great blessing that I go free from sickness, pain, and sorrow." Some time after, his daughter, finding him become extremely weak, wished him to be put to bed, which he at first objected to, saying he felt no pain and there was no occasion for his going to bed. Presently after, however, fearing he might possibly fall out of his chair, he told them they might set him upwright in the bed, so that he could continue to read. They did so, and he continued reading Cicero very quietly for some time; presently they looked at him—and found him dead! sitting in the same posture, with the book under his chin, as a man who becomes drowsy and goes to sleep."—*Nat. Gaz.*

Extract of a letter received at Newburyport, dated

GIBRALTAR, APRIL 10.

"Since I have been in Spain, I have been in the prison of the Inquisition at Barcelona; a mere recital of a thousandth part of the horrors of which would make any person's blood curdle in their veins. When the Revolution took place at Barcelona, the mob rushed upon the holy office, broke open all the prisons, and gave liberty to the captives. The inquisitors fled, or they would have been sacrificed by the populace. The building is partly torn down, and will soon be entirely demolished. It was by special permission of the new Governor that I was permitted access to the building, and to visit the prison before its demolition. The Catholics began to see by what vile and base arts they have been imposed upon. The mob entered the holy office after having released the prisoners; found all the records and proceedings of the same for 300 years past, and on the impulse of the moment threw every thing into the street.

I presume there were at least three large cartloads of papers containing the trials, and records of judgments and executions—they were gathered up by the multitude and carried in every direction, so that almost every person in the city of Barcelona has more or less of them, and such enormities have been developed as never entered into the mind to conceive. My time does not admit of a more minute detail.

I feel more deeply impressed with the idea that Americans do not sufficiently appreciate the blessings of a free republican form of government. Nor is it so wonderful that this nation should now simultaneously resolve to throw off their shackles, as that they should for so long a period have been content to wear them."

Extract of a letter from Maj. Morston of the 5th Infantry, commanding Fort Armstrong, on the Mississippi, 180 miles above St. Louis, to a gentleman in Boston, dated March 30, 1820.

"Dear Sir;—I have had a hard time of it here this winter, in consequence of the hostility of the Winebagoes and the smallness of my command. As yet I have been able to keep my own scalp on my head, but two of my poor fellows have not been so fortunate. Yesterday Sergeant Blottenberger and private Rigg, who passed out of the garrison unarmed, were shot, scalped, and otherwise mangled in a most shocking manner, by a party of that nation. I trust that prompt and energetic measures will be adopted by the government to put an end, forever, to such tragical scenes in this quarter. I have but a moment to write, therefore excuse this scrawl."

FROM THE AMERICAN FARMER.

To prevent Bees being destroyed by the Worm.

Set each corner of the hive on a piece of wood about an inch square and a quarter of an inch in thickness—this elevates the hive a little and prevents the deposits of the eggs which produce the worm, and which are always placed where the edges of the hive come in contact with the bench.

TO CALCULATE INTEREST.

Having frequently seen many an honest unsuspecting farmer the dupe of merchants and deputy-sheriffs in calculating interest, I have given a very short and simple method of calculating it at six per cent. per annum.

Rule.—Multiply the principal by half the number of months.

Ex. What is the interest of forty dollars for twelve months?

40 the principal.
6 half the number of months.

$2 40 Answer.

Ex. What is the interest of forty dollars for seven months?

40
3 1-2

1 20
20

$1,40 Answer.

Ex. What is the interest of forty dollars for one month?

40
1-2

0 20 Answer.

From the Lexington Reporter.

TO THE ELECTORS

Of Fayette, Woodford and Jessamine Counties

As I do not intend, Fellow Citizens, to ask your suffrages for a seat in the House of Representatives, at the election in the ensuing August, I think proper now to announce to you my determination, that your attention may, in due season, be turned to the choice of my successor. In retiring from your service, I should violate the strongest feelings of my heart if I did not acknowledge, that for your steady and affectionate support of me, at home and abroad, in peace and at war, during periods of great excitement, as well as in those of perfect tranquility, you have impressed on my mind respect and gratitude, which death alone can extinguish. Others will serve you with more ability; none with more zeal, than that which has ever animated your faithful and obedient servant,

H. CLAY.

Washington City, 13th April, 1820.

FOREIGN NEWS.

FROM THE NATIONAL GAZETTE.

We have perused a series of London papers, (Bell's Weekly Messenger and the Courier,) to the first of April inclusive, and have extracted from them much interesting matter, that is not found in our daily prints. They are nearly taken up with the trials of Burdett and Hunt, the conviction of whom seems to have been considered as a test of the solid ascendency of the government. The principal newspapers of London kept expresses in waiting at the Provincial assizes, to report the verdicts with the least possibly delay. The case of Hunt was one of much detail and tedious investigation, and appears to have been free from all disorder in its progress. Some of the Radicals brought to the bar, have been acquitted, and two of these, on their return to Manchester, were drawn by the mob in their vehicles. The speech of Sir Francis Burdett in his defence before the jury, is long, bold, and very able. Two of the members returned to parliament from Westminster are now under conviction for libels, and the Courier of the 27th March, tauntingly remarks, "Mr. Hobhouse may remain *out* of jail for some time, while Sir F. Burdett *goes in*, and will relieve his colleague when the term of the latter expires." What would the ministerialists say of the United States, if we had occasion to note a similar coincidence as to our Congress?

The English Criminal calender is more crowded and shocking than ever; particularly in the northern districts; at the Warwick assizes alone, these were on the 29th February two hundred and sixty prisoners awaiting trial for offences of every description and degree. Bank prosecutions are very numerous; as are indictments for vending profane and incendiary writings, for manufacturing pikes, &c. We observe cases of women convicted of high way robbery. The Courier of 1st April makes the following statement:—"Almost every street in the metropolis and every town, nay every village, has its mart of impiety and sedition. The most infamous and detestable works are profusely hung out at the doors and plastered on the windows." The next Quarterly Review will probably, offer to us an elaborate comparison between British and American morality, extended perhaps to the state of social order and political comfort!

Some of the candidates for Parliament at the late election, stated, from the Hustings that they knew it to be the intention of the ministry to increase the civil list; but this is strenuously denied by the ministerial writers. We perceive that the American ambassador, Mr. Rush, was one of the Pall bearers at the funeral of Mr. West, with Sir William Scott, the Earl of Aberdeen, &c. The Courier contains some painful and exaggerated accounts of the late duel at Gibraltar, between Lieutenant Dowling of the American Navy and Lieutenant Smith of the Gibraltar garrison. That paper is exceedingly dissatisfied with the Spanish Revolution, and declares that "the Constitution of the Cortes has for its basis all the wild theories of Radical Reform." There is something impolitic in this language. The French ministerial journals have not acted more wisely or honestly in first denying, and then, when it was impossible to be incredulous, reviling the glorious popular movement in Spain.

All the Spanish subjects in London have been invited by the Spanish Ambassador in that capitol to take the oath of fidelity to the new system. One of the most important of the London Articles which we have copied, is that which relates to the mission of Lord Wellington to Madrid, as the procurator of the allied powers. If any control be attempted by them at Madrid, the result may be fatal to Ferdinand, and the temper produced in the Spanish nation little suitable to their general scheme of polity for Europe. The members of the Cortes who have now the ascendant in the government, cannot forget that it was the British Ambassador, Sir Henry Wellesley, who, by means of loans and other clandestine assistance, enabled Ferdinand to triumph so completely over them, in 1814. The article concerning Portugal, is also of much interest. It is natural that fears should be entertained for the dissolution of the Portuguese lethargy, from the impulse and the light which regenerated Spain must give to her neighbor. But the antipathies and jealousies prevailing among the Portuguese against the Spaniards will, independently of other strong influencies, counteract the force of the example. The *splendid* intelligence from St. Thomas, by the way of Charleston, concerning the affairs of Venezuela, "wants confirmation" A whole army of 5000 royalists at "one fell swoop!" What comes from the same quarter, (St. Thomas) in regard to Buenos Ayres, is but a vamping of the accounts received at Norfolk by the Constellation frigate. The effrontery with which details are manufactured at St. Thomas can only be equalled, by the extravagance of the comments with which they are accompanied by the heralds selected for them in this country.

Spring Goods.

THE Subscriber's have just finished receiving and opening their assortment of

NEW SPRING GOODS,

which they offer remarkably cheap for cash, or to punctual customers on a reasonable credit. Their assortment consists of almost every article that they have ever been in the habit of keeping, (which has always been pretty general) also a variety of articles of quite a new and fashionable style

We solicit all persons wishing to buy goods of any description to give us a call

JOHN MARSHALL, & Co.

Charles Town, May 24.

WOOL CARDING.

THE public are informed that Mr John Heller's Carding Machines are in complete order for carding wool into rolls. Wool brought to be carded must be well picked and greased, or grease sent with the wool. If wool comes well prepared, strict attention will be paid to render general satisfaction, by

THOMAS CRAWFORD.

May 24. tf.

A RUNAWAY.

Committed to the jail of Jefferson County, Va. on the 7th inst a negro girl, who says her name is Harriet; about 17 years old, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, and nearly blind of the left eye. Had on when committed, an old black muslin gown. Says she is the property of *Robert Gunnel*, of Fairfax county Va. Her owner is desired to release her or she will be disposed of as the law directs

JOHN SPANGLER, Jailor.

May 24

Opequon Factory.

THIS establishment continues in operation, and with the aid of a superior set of hands, lately procured, it is expected, CLOTHS can be manufactured in a style, very far surpassing most of the cloths made in this country—Wool will be received at the store of David Humphreys, Esq of Charles Town—the early delivery of wool will ensure the return of cloth in good time—it is desirable that directions should be easily understood, and put in the mouth of the bag, or sack.

DAN'L ANNIN.

April 19, 1820.

Seasonable Goods.

JEFFERSON & BROWN,

Very respectfully inform their customers and the public generally, that they have just received their supply of

Spring and Summer Goods,

which they are selling off cheap for cash, or to their punctual customers on a short credit. Those that want good bargains are invited to call and examine for themselves.

Charlestown, May 3.

Virginia, Jefferson Co. to wit:

April term, 1820, being the 24th day of the month.

Richard Baylor, Plaintiff,
against
John Peter, John T. Cookus, John R. Flagg, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John R. Flagg, & Co. Thos. S. Bennett and Joel Morgan, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Morgan; Thos. S. Bennett and Jonathan C. Buckles, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Buckles; Roger Humphreys and Jacob Wark, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Humphreys and Wark; Edward Wager and Fountain Beckham, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Edward Wager, & Co. Charles and John Strider, John Marshall and R. Worthington, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John Marshall, & Co. John Baker, executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley, dec'd. William Strider, John Strider and Thos. S. Bennett, William P. Craighill and Wm. Little, trading under the name of Craighill and Little, as millers, and Wm. P. Craighill and Jonathan C. Buckles, Defendants.

IN CHANCERY

This day came the plaintiff by his counsel, and the defendant Peter, not having entered his appearance and given security agreeably to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the said defendant Peter is not an inhabitant of this Commonwealth; on the motion of the plaintiff by his counsel it is ordered that he appear here on the fourth Monday in June next and answer the bill of the complainant: And it is further ordered that the defendants, John T. Cookus, and John R. Flagg Wm P. Craighill and Wm. Little, merchants and co partners in trade trading under the name and firm of John R. Flagg & Co Thos. S Bennett & Joel Morgan, late merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett & Morgan; Thos. S Bennett and Jonathan C. Buckles, late merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett & Buckles; Roger Humphreys and Jacob Wark, merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Humphreys & Wark; Edward Wager and Fountain Beckham, merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Edward Wager & Co and Charles and John Strider, John Marshall and Robert Worthington, merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of John Marshall & Co. John Baker executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley, dec'd; and William Strider, John Strider and Thomas S. Bennett; Wm P Craighill and Wm Little, trading under the name of Craighill & Little as millers; William P. Craighill and Jonathan C. Buckles, or either of them do not pay, convey away or secret any monies by them owing to, or goods, or effects in their hands belonging to the absent defendant Peter, until the further order of this court. And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Farmer's Repository, printed in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court house of the said County of Jefferson.

A Copy.—Teste,

R G HITE, *Clk.*

Virginia, Jefferson Co. to wit:

April term, 1820, being the 24th day of the month

John Henkle, Plaintiff,
against
Jonah Buffington and George Renner, administrators of the estate of John Eckhard, dec'd, and George W Humphreys, Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

This day came the plaintiff by his counsel, and the defendants Buffington and Renner, not having entered their appearance and given security agreeably to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the said defendants Buffington and Renner, administrators of John Eckhard, dec'd, are not inhabitants of this commonwealth: On the motion of the plaintiff by his counsel, it is ordered that they appear here on the fourth Monday in June next and answer the bill of the complainant: And it is further ordered that the defendant Geo. W. Humphreys, do not pay, convey away, or secret any monies by him owing to, or goods or effects in his hands belonging to the absent defendants Buffington and Renner, until the further order of this court: And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be forthwith published in the Farmers' Repository, printed in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court house of the said county of Jefferson.

A Copy.—Teste,

ROBERT G. HITE, *Clk.*

SHINGLES.

THE subscribers have a few thousand JOINT SHINGLES, which they will sell at a reasonable price.

JOHN MARSHALL & Co.

Charlestown, Jan. 26.

FOR SALE,

A LARGE QUANTITY OF

Fresh burnt Lime,

of a very superior quality, for plastering, &c. at the Brick Mill near Harper's Ferry.

JOHN JAMESON.

May 3.

Virginia, Jefferson Co. to wit:

April term, 1820, being the 24th day of the month.

James Hite, Plaintiff,
against
John Peter, John T. Cookus, John R. Flagg, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John R. Flagg, & Co. Thos. S. Bennett and Joel Morgan, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Morgan, Thos. S. Bennett and Jonathan C. Buckles, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Buckles, Roger Humphreys and Jacob Wark, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Humphreys and Wark; Edward Wager and Fountain Beckham, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Edward Wager, & Co. Charles and John Strider, John Marshall and Robert Worthington, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John Marshall, & Co. John Baker, executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley, dec'd. Wm. Strider, John Strider and Thos. S. Bennett, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, trading under the name of Craighill and Little, as millers; and Wm. P. Craighill and Jonathan C. Buckles, Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

This day came the plaintiff by his counsel, and the defendant Peter, not having entered his appearance and given security agreeably to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, it is ordered that he appear here on the fourth Monday in June next, and answer the bill of the complainant: And it is further ordered that the defendants John T. Cookus and John R. Flagg, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, merchants and co-partners in trade, trading under the name and firm of John R. Flagg, & Co. Thos. S. Bennett and Joel Morgan, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Morgan; Thos. S. Bennett and Jonathan C. Buckles, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Buckles; Roger Humphreys and Jacob Wark, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Humphreys and Wark; Edward Wager and Fountain Beckham, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Edward Wager & Co. Charles and John Strider, John Marshall and Robert Worthington, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John Marshall & Co. John Baker executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley, dec'd. and William Strider, John Strider and Thos. S. Bennett, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, trading under the name of Craighill and Little, as millers, William P. Craighill and Jonathan C. Buckles, or either of them, do not pay, convey away or secret any monies by them owing to, or goods or effects in their hands, belonging to the absent defendant Peter, until the further order of this court. And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Farmer's Repository, printed in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court house of the said county of Jefferson.

A copy.—Teste,

R. G. HITE, C. J. C.

Virginia, Jefferson Co. to wit:

April term 1820, being the 24th day of the month.

Abram Davenport, Plaintiff,
against
John Peter, John T. Cookus, John R. Flagg, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John R. Flagg, & Co. Thos. S. Bennett and Joel Morgan, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Morgan; Thos. S. Bennett and Jona. C. Buckels, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Buckles; Roger Humphreys and Jacob Wark, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Humphreys and Wark; Edward Wager and Fountain Beckham, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Edward Wager & Co. Charles and John Strider, John Marshall and Robert Worthington, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John Marshall & Co. John Baker, executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley dec'd; William Strider, John Strider and Thos. S. Bennett, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, trading under the name of Craighill and Little, as millers, and Wm. P. Craighill and Jonathan C. Buckles, Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

This day came the plaintiff by his counsel, and the defendant Peter, not having entered his appearance and given security agreeably to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the said defendant Peter is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth; on the motion of the plaintiff by his counsel, it is ordered that the appear here on the fourth Monday in June next and answer the bill of the complainant: And it is further ordered that the defendants, John T. Cookus and John R. Flagg, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, merchants and co-partners in trade, trading under the name and firm of John R. Flagg, & Co. Thos. S. Bennett and Joel Morgan, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Morgan; Thos. S. Bennett and Jonathan C. Buckles, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Buckles; Roger Humphreys and Jacob Wark, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Humphreys and Wark; Edward Wager and Fountain Beckham, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Edward Wager & Co. Charles and John Strider, John Marshall and Robert Worthington, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John Marshall & Co. John Baker, executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley, dec'd. and William Strider, John Strider and Thos. S. Bennett, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, trading under the name of Craighill & Little as millers; Wm P Craighill and Jonathan C. Buckles, or either of them, do not pay, convey away or secret any monies by them owing to, or goods, or effects in their hands belonging to the absent defendant Peter, until the further order of this court. And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be forthwith published in the Farmer's Repository, printed in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court house of the said County of Jefferson.

A Copy.—Teste,

R. G. HITE, *Clk.*

Never so cheap before.

I have at my Store, in Charlestown,

And now offer for sale, on such terms as cannot fail to meet with general approbation, particularly at a period when money is said to be scarce,

A SUPERIOR ASSORTMENT OF

Woollen Goods,

CONSISTING OF

Superior blue, black, olive, green and mixt Cloths, Common and low priced Cloths, of almost all descriptions, Superfine and Common Cassimeres, all colours—Vestings in variety, Ladies' Pelisse Cloth, various colours and prices, Flannels—12-4, 10-4 and 8-4 Rose Blankets,

With an extensive Assortment of

Hardware, Cutlery, China and *Queen's Ware.*

A considerable quantity of those goods having been bought for cash during the immense sacrifices in the cities of Philadelphia and Baltimore, enables me to sell them on such terms as will induce those who wish to purchase, to call here, being confident that they are superior, and at an inferior price to any heretofore offered. Report says times are hard, but my terms are easy. Wheat, Corn, Rye, Notes, Bonds or Cash, but the latter in preference to any, for goods at those sacrificed prices. The most advantageous terms ever offered in this part of the country.

JOHN CARLILE.

Charlestown, March 3.

SPRING AND SUMMER

GOODS.

THE subscribers have received, and are now opening a complete assortment of

Seasonable Goods,

all of which we pledge ourselves to sell on as good terms as they can be bought in this or the adjoining counties, for *cash*, or to our punctual customers on a short credit. Persons wishing to purchase, will find it to their advantage to give us an early call

Wm. F. LOCK, & Co.

May 3.

Virginia, Jefferson Co. to wit:

April term, 1820, being the 24th day of the month

James Bell, Plaintiff,
against
John Peter, John T. Cookus, John R. Flagg, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John R. Flagg & Co. Thos. S. Bennett and Joel Morgan, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Morgan; Thos. S. Bennett and Jonathan C. Buckles, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Buckles; Roger Humphreys and Jacob Wark, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Humphreys and Wark; Edward Wager and Fountain Beckham, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Edward Wager & Co. Charles and John Strider; John Marshall and Robert Worthington, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John Marshall, & Co. John Baker, executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley, dec'd. Wm. Strider, John Strider and Thos. S. Bennett, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm Little, trading under the name of Craighill and Little, as millers, and Wm. P. Craighill and Jonathan C. Buckles, Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

This day came the plaintiff by his counsel, and the defendant Peter, not having entered his appearance and given security agreeably to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of this court that the said defendant Peter is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth; on the motion of the plaintiff by his counsel it is ordered that he appear here on the fourth Monday in June next and answer the bill of the complainant: And it is further ordered that the defendants, John T. Cookus and John R. Flagg, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, merchants and co partners in trade, trading under the name and firm of John R. Flagg, & Co. Thos. S. Bennett and Joel Morgan, late merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett & Morgan; Thos. S. Bennett and Jonathan C. Buckles, late merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett & Buckles; R. Humphreys and Jacob Wark, merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Humphreys and Wark; Edward Wager and Fountain Beckham, merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Edward Wager, & Co. and Charles and John Strider, John Marshall and Robert Worthington, merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of John Marshall & Co. John Baker executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley, dec'd; William Strider, John Strider and Thomas S. Bennett; Wm P. Craighill and Wm Little, trading under the name of Craighill & Little as millers; Wm P Craighill and Jonathan C. Buckles, or either of them, do not pay, convey away or secret any monies by them owing to, or goods, or effects in their hands belonging to the absent defendant Peter, until the further order of this court. And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be forthwith published in the Farmer's Repository, printed in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court house of the said County of Jefferson.

A Copy.—Teste,

R. G. HITE, *Clk.*

Family Medicines.

FOR SALE,

Wholesale and retail, by W. & J. LANE, Charlestown,

LEE'S famous Antibilious Pills.

Messrs Mich. Lee & Co.

I have taken but two doses of your Antibilious Pills, and I am quite relieved from that sickness of the stomach, giddiness, &c. which has troubled me for some time. I shall recommend them to all my friends in similar cases. Your humble servant,

G. C. COLLINS,

Front street, Balt.

THESE much esteemed Pills have been for many years prepared in Baltimore by the present proprietor, as many of our most respectable citizens can testify, and a number of them have readily and gladly given certificates of their great value as a family physic.

LEE'S ELIXIR,

A sovereign remedy for Colds, obstinate Coughs, Catarrhs, Asthmas, sore Throats, and approaching Consumptions.

Cheraw Court House, S. Carolina.

Mr. Noah Ridgely,

SIR—*Being afflicted with an obstinate cough for more than seven years, which has never yielded to any remedies, though numbers have been applied, until I procured a few phials of your LEE'S ELIXIR, for the cure of colds, obstinate coughs, &c which gave me considerable relief, and which, could I procure immediately a sufficient quantity will, I feel confident, by being sufficiently used, remove the most distressing complaint that I or the human race have ever been subject to. I have not a doubt but that I shall be the means of your disposing of a great quantity of the Elixir in this part of the country. I am, sir, &c.*

CHAS A SPARKS.

Lee's Worm Lozenges.

THE proprietor has now the pleasure of stating that the following case came under his immediate observation: His little daughter, about 5 years old, appeared very visibly to lose her flesh: no particular cause could be given for her thus pining away; she was at length taken with fevers which, with other symptoms led him to believe she had worms; he gave her a dose of Lee's Lozenges, which brought away, incredible as it may appear, two worms, the one fifteen and the other thirteen inches in length, each three fourths of an inch round; he has given the Lozenges to another of his children, which brought away a vast quantity of very small worms.

Lee's Sovereign Ointment for the ITCH,

Warranted to cure by one application, free from Mercury or any pernicious ingredient. This vegetable remedy is so mild, yet efficacious that it may be used with the utmost safety, on the most delicate pregnant, lady, or on a child of a week old.

Lee's genuine Persian Lotion.

The Persian Lotion operates mildly, rendering the skin delicately soft and smooth—improving the complexion.

Lee's Ague and Fever Drops,

warranted to cure if taken according to the directions.

Lee's Grand Restorative and Nervous Cordial,

A most valuable medicine for great and general debility, nervous disorders, loss of appetite, &c &c.

Lee's Essence and Extracts of Mustard,

An infallible remedy for sprains, bruises rheumatism, numbness, chilblains, &c.

Lee's Indian Vegetable Specific,

A certain and effectual cure for the Venereal and Gonorrhœa.

Lee's Tooth Ach Drops,

which give immediate relief.

Lee's Tooth Powder, which

cleanses and beautifies the teeth.

Lee's Eye Water,

a certain cure for sore eyes.

Lee's Anodyne Elixir, for the

cure of head aches.

Lee's Corn Plaster,

for removing and destroying corns.

Sold on most pleasing terms wholesale, by the Proprietor, at his Family Medicine Ware House, No. 68, Hanover street, Baltimore, and retail in almost all the principal cities and towns in the union.

☞ *Please to observe that none can be Lee's Genuine Family Medicines without the signature of Proprietor,*

NOAH RIDGELY,

Late Michael Lee, & Co.)

March 1.

Jane Woods,

In addition to the former stock of good Medicines and Drugs, has received an assortment of

Fresh Confection,

Fresh jar Tamarinds,
Best quality Havannah Segars.

April 17th, 1820.

Blank Books

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

FARMERS' REPOSITORY.

CHARLES-TOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VIRGINIA, PRINTED BY RICHARD WILLIAMS.

VOL. XIII.] WEDNESDAY, MAY 31, 1820. [No. 634.

TERMS OF THIS PAPER.

THE price of the FARMERS' REPOSITORY is Two DOLLARS a year, one dollar to be paid at the commencement, and one at the expiration of the year. Distant subscribers will be required to pay the whole in advance—no paper will be discontinued, except at the option of the Editor, until arrearages are paid.

Advertisements not exceeding a square, will be inserted three weeks for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for every subsequent insertion. All advertisements sent to the office without having the number of times for which they are to be inserted, designated, will be continued until forbid, and charged accordingly.

☞ All communications to the Editor on business, must be post paid.

WOOL CARDING.

THE public are informed that Mr John Heller's Carding Machines are in complete order for carding wool into roll. Wool brought to be carded must be well picked and greased, or grease sent with the wool. If wool comes well prepared, strict attention will be paid to render general satisfaction, by

THOMAS CRAWFORD.

May 24. tf.

Spring Goods.

THE Subscriber's have just finished receiving and opening their assortment of

NEW SPRING GOODS,

which they offer remarkably cheap for cash, or to punctual customers on a reasonable credit. Their assortment consists of almost every article that they have ever been in the habit of keeping, (which has always been pretty general) also a variety of articles of quite a new and fashionable style.

We solicit all persons wishing to buy goods of any description to give us a call

JOHN MARSHALL, & Co.

Charles Town, May 24.

A RUNAWAY.

Committed to the jail of Jefferson County, Va on the 7th inst a negro girl, who says her name is Harriet; about 17 years old, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, and nearly blind of the left eye. Had on when committed, an old black muslin gown. Says she is the property of *Robert Gunnel*, of Fairfax county Va. Her owner is desired to release her or she will be disposed of as the law directs.

JOHN SPANGLER, Jailor.

May 24.

SPRING GOODS.

THE Subscribers hereby announce to their friends, customers, and the public generally, that they have commenced opening their assortment of

New Spring Goods,

and shall be continually receiving and opening *new goods*, until their assortment is made very complete—The goods imported this spring are of a *new style, good quality*, and come *CHEAP, for CASH.*

JAS. S. LANE, & TOWNER.

P. S. All those yet in arrears, are earnestly requested to pay up.

Shepherd's Town, April 19, 1820.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber wishes to sell two excellent work Horses, a light wagon and gears—Ploughs and other farming tools, all nearly new and in good order; and some useful articles of household and kitchen furniture. Also, about 40 acres of flourishing wheat, and a few of rye and corn.

To a person who will buy the whole, a bargain will be sold, and the payments made easy.

The place occupied by me may also be had until the first of April next, and after that time, an additional quantity of land, if desired.

S B FOSTER.

Near Keyes' Ferry, May 17.

BONNETS.

NEW FASHIONED

Leghorn and Straw Bonnets,

Just received and for sale by

JAS. S. LANE, & TOWNER.

Shepherd's Town, May 17.

One Cent Reward.

RAN away from the Subscriber, some time in August last, an apprentice boy named

JEFFERY KELLER,

bound to learn the saddling business.—He is about eighteen years old, his clothing not recollected. The above reward will be given for the return of the above named apprentice, but no thanks.

ABRAHAM ISLER.

May 17.

Virginia, Jefferson Co. to wit:

April term, 1820, being the 24th day of the month.

John Briscoe, Plaintiff,
against
John Peter, John T. Cookus, John R. Flagg, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John R. Flagg, & Co. Thos. S. Bennett and Joel Morgan, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Morgan; Thos. S. Bennett and Jonathan C. Buckles, late merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett and Buckles; Roger Humphreys and Jacob Wark, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Humphreys and Wark; Edward Wager and Fountain Beckham, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of Edward Wager & Co. Charles and John Strider, John Marshall and Robert Worthington, merchants and co-partners in trade under the name and firm of John Marshall & Co. John Baker, executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley, dec'd. Wm. Strider, John Strider and Thos. S. Bennett, Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, trading under the name of Craighill and Little, as millers, and Wm. P. Craighill and Jonathan C. Buckles, Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

This day came the plaintiff by his counsel and the defendant Peter, not having entered his appearance and given security agreeably to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the said defendant Peter is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth; on the motion of the plaintiff by his counsel it is ordered that he appear here on the fourth Monday in June next and answer the bill of the complainant: And it is further ordered that the defendants, John T. Cookus, John R. Flagg, Wm P. Craighill and Wm. Little, merchants and co partners in trade, trading under the name and firm of John R. Flagg & Co. Thos. S. Bennett & Joel Morgan, late merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett & Morgan; Thos S Bennett and Jonathan C. Buckles, late merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Bennett & Buckles; R. Humphreys and Jacob Wark, merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Humphreys and Wark; Edward Wager and Fountain Beckham, merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of Edward Wager, & Co. and Charles and John Strider, John Marshall and Robert Worthington, merchants and co partners in trade under the name and firm of John Marshall & Co. John Baker executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley, dec'd; William Strider, John Strider, and Thomas S Bennett; Wm. P. Craighill and Wm. Little, trading under the name of Craighill and Little as millers; Wm P Craighill and Jonathan C. Buckles, or either of them, do not pay, convey away or secret any monies by them owing to, or goods or effects in their hands belonging to the absent defendant Peter, until the further order of this court And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Farmer's Repository printed in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court house of the said county of Jefferson.

A copy.—Teste,

ROBERT G. HITE, *Clk.*

April 26.

Jefferson & Brown,

HAVE ON HAND,

Brown and Loaf Sugars,
Teas—Coffee—Rice,
Molasses—N. E Rum and
Jamaica Spirits.

ALSO,

Nails of all sizes, which they offer very low for cash.

May 17.

Boot & Shoe Making.

THE Subscribers have commenced the Boot and Shoe making business, in the house adjoining Mrs. Manning's, opposite Jefferson and Brown's store. They solicit their friends and the public generally, to give them a call—They indulge a hope, that from the neatness and durability of their work, to give full satisfaction to all those who may favor them with their custom.

JOHN AVIS.
THOMAS SPRINT.

May 3.

NOTICE.

I have rented Doct. Straith's mill, where I mean after harvest to carry on the waggon making business. The carding machine, which, it is well known, did good work last year, will be attended for some weeks by George Evans, and afterwards by my brother, who has been bred to the business. The saw and grist mills will be attended by a capable man, and business will be done well and expeditiously for all who may choose to give us their employment

JOSEPH HARRIS.

Bullskin, May 10, 8120.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTICES FROM LATE FRENCH JOURNALS.

[Translated for the National Gazette.]

The number of Theological Schools in the empire of Russia is fifty eight, consisting of four academies, thirty six seminaries, and eighteen primary schools, in which the Russian language, arithmetic, and the Christian religion are taught. These fifty-eight establishments contain at present twenty six thousand youths, most of whom are educated at the expense of the government.

It was decreed, on the 20th Sept. 1819, at the German Diet of Frankfort, that there should be named for each university, an inspector, whose business it should be to ascertain the dispositions of the professors; to keep watch over them; to dismiss those whose theories might disturb the public tranquility; to keep the laws in force, and to maintain the strictest discipline; to admit no student into any one university who had been dismissed from another; and especially to see to the execution of the laws against secret societies. In consequence of this decree, commissioners have been sent to several of the universities, and especially to those of the Grand Duchy of Baden.

It is said that, during the last eight years, not a single individual has been attacked by the small pox in the states of Denmark, all the inhabitants having been vaccinated by order of the King. From this fact, it is evident that the small pox, which has committed greater havoc than plagues and wars, might be banished from the face of the earth. Vaccination itself would then become useles.

Count Romanzow, of Russia, is fitting out, at his own expense, new expeditions of discovery. One is destined to cross from Asia to America upon the ice, to the north of the country of the *Tschuktschains*; the other is ordered to ascend one of the rivers which have their mouths on the North West Coast, or Russian America, and to penetrate by the unknown rgion which lies between the Frozen Cape and the river Mackenzie.

The painter *Reiner Birrebaum*, at Cologne, has fully revived the art of painting on glass, and received from the government a gratification of four hundred rix dollars.

In 1818, the number of students in the university of Upsal, in Sweden, was one thousand two hundred and sixty seven; of whom one hundred and twenty four were of the order of noblemen, three hundred and thirty-one sons of protestant clergymen, one hundred sons of citizens, one hundred and seventy-five sons of peasants, two hundred and fifty sons of public functionaries, seventy sons of the military, and one hundred and twenty-nine sons of people of condition.

The catalogue of the Fair of Leipsic for 1819 contains one thousand two hundred and sixteen new works, in Greek, Latin, and German; thirty eight novels, thirty dramatic pieces, twenty seven geographical maps, fifty nine pieces of music; and seventy seven works in foreign languages, the French, Italian, Polish, Bohemian, Danish, and Spanish.

The Pacha of Egypt has caused to be purchased for him, at Paris, about six thousand volumes, consisting of works on politics, on the history of Egypt, on the campaigns of Bonaparte, and on the new system of education, (Lancasterian,) which he intends to introduce into Egypt.

The new system of education (the Lancasterian) is making great progress in Russia. A great number of schools on this plan have been established for the children of the soldiery. Even in Siberia, there is an establishment of the kind for the training of teachers, who are sent thence into different parts of the empire. In the neighborhood of Odessa, in the south of Russia, there are schools for more than ten thousand Russian troops. The Cossacs particularly are said to make extraordinary progress in reading and writing.

Several artists at Rome have collected all the letters and manuscripts of Raphael, and mean to publish them on the next anniversary of the death of that celebrated painter. Frederick Schlegel will shortly publish Travels in Italy, relating chiefly to its literature and fine arts. He accompanied the Emperor of Austria on his late tour. The same author has undertaken a German translation of the posthumous works of Madam de Stael. The principal booksellers of Leipsic have associated for the purpose of establishing an Insurance Company for the protection of literary property.

Mr. Aloys Senefelder, the inventor of Lithography, has obtained from the French government a patent for a new process, which he calls *Papyrography*, and by which he substitutes an artificial paper for the lithographic stone.

The following article, which gives some idea of Chinese superstition, is taken from a Pekin Gazette:

"The 1st of May 1818, there arose suddenly, at Pekin, a tempest, that obscured the heavens and filled the air with sand and dust. The Emperor, thinking it was a judgment from heaven, was very much alarmed, and very anxious to know what it meant: he assembled his ministers of state, and commanded them to endeavor to discover the cause of it: he then reprimanded his astronomers for not having foretold it to him. 'You announced to me,' said he to them, 'three days ago, the happy influence the stars had over me, foretelling a long and prosperous life; this was mere flattery, while you either would not or could not tell me of this impending misfortune" Three of these *sages* gave their opinion, that the cause of this tempest was the dismissal of the late chief minister *Sung Tajin*, and advised him to recal him; but his Majesty, far from approving their proposal, reprimanded them for having the presumption to meddle with the royal prerogative. The body of mathematicians gave in their opinion, assuring him that if this whirlwind, accompanied with dust, continued through the whole day, it indicated a perverse conduct and variance of opinion between the sovereign and his ministers, as well as a great drought and famine If the wind disturbed the sand, moved the stones, and made much noise, inundations were to be expected; and if the dust continued to fall one hour more, the plague would rage in the southern regions, and half the inhabitants to the south east would be sick"

The Gazette expresses his Majesty's uneasiness at this long drought. His Majesty has ordered his sons to fast, to pray, and offer sacrifices to heaven, to earth, and to the god of wind. There was to be a solemn festival on the 25th of May, 1819, at which all the princes, ministers, and nobles, were to appear in procession, wearing mourning as a mark of their contrition!

FOREIGN NEWS.

BOSTON, MAY 16.

LATE FROM ENGLAND.

By the ship Herald, Fox, 24 days from Liverpool, we have received London papers to the 17th April, and Liverpool to the 21st. They do not afford many interesting articles We have only time to make the following extracts.—*Daily Advertiser.*

The net amount of the produce of the revenue for the quarter ending April 5, was 110,703,247, giving an increase over the corresponding quarter of the last year of £221,331. This falls much short of the quarter of the new taxes estimated at three millions for the year.

The Cato street conspirators, Thistlewood and ten others, were arraigned for trial April 15. They were arraigned part on three and part on two indictments, viz. for High Treason and for the murder of Smithers The trials were to be had separately, that of Thistlewood to begin on the 17th.

A riot took place in Greenock, the 9th of April; the mob made an attack on the Port Glasgow Volunteers, broke the gaol, and liberated the Radical prisoners; the Volunteers fired on the mob, killed 9 persons, and wounded 15.

LONDON, APRIL 17.

The American minister at the Court of Madrid, has congratulated the King upon the acceptance of the Constitution of the Cortes. All the Foreign European Ambassadors at Madrid, await instructions from their respective Courts, and did not congratulate him.

MADRID, MARCH 27.

A decree of the Junta has pronounced the confiscation of all the property of the Inquisition.

The Cortes are convoked for the 9th July—they will consist of 119 members for the Peninsula, without counting those of America. The latter will be supplied for the present by 30 Deputies, to be chosen among the Americans who are in Spain.

LONDON, APRIL 18.

We received on Saturday and yesterday the Paris papers of Wednesday and Thursday last. The King had another attack of the gout on Tuesday, but it is stated to be slight.

There is no further news in these Journals from either Madrid or Cadiz. An article from Irun, dated the 5th instant, in the *Journals Des Debate* of Wednesday, states, that by a declaration of the Provincial Junta, the refugees of the party of Joseph are allowed to return to their homes, and are restored to the possession of their property. Colonel Infantes, who was recently sent to the King from the army of the Isla, is said to have stated to his Majesty, that that army would maintain its position until the assembling of the Cortes

A very severe sentence has been passed by the Court of Assizes at Paris, on the responsible Editor of the *Constitutional* (M. Bidault,) for an article in that Journal, which was alleged to be an excitement to civil war. The defendant applied to have the trial postponed for a few days, on the ground of his Counsel, M Dugin, sen being absent from Paris, but the Court refused to grant any delay, and pronounced judgment by default against M Bidault, who was sentenced to five years imprisonment, and a fine of 12,000 francs (500*l*) the maximum of the punishment awarded by law. M Bidault intends to appeal against the sentence

The Liverpool Courier of April 19, says, "In Yorkshire and Scotland, the experi-